HAVE YOUR SAY 6 February 2016 – 3 March 2016

MID-YEAR ADJUSTMENTS TO THE 2015/16 – 2017/18 MEDIUM-TERM REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FRAMEWORK

AND

MID-YEAR ADJUSTMENTS TO THE 2015/16
CORPORATE SCORECARD

Current	Mid-year adjustments	Page
National and provincial allocations as per the 2015 Division of Revenue Bill (DORb) and the 2015 Provincial Gazette Extraordinary	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
In drafting the 2015/16 MTREF, special attention was given to national and provincial influences, which included the following:	In preparing the 2015/16 MTREF, special attention was given to national and provincial influences, which included the following:	125
Salaries, wages and related staff cost Expenses	Salaries, Wages & related staff cost expenses	127
The three year salary and wage collective agreement for local government ends in 2014/15. In the absence of a concluded agreement, the 2015/16 MTREF was prepared using the methodology applied in the previous agreement. In terms of the agreement, the salary and wage increases were annually calculated for all three years using the average CPI for the period 1 February of the previous year to 31 January of the forecast budget year, plus a further percentage, which reduces over the MTREF period (2%, 1,25% and 1% over the three year MTREF period). The actual CPI for the period 1 February 2014 to 30 November 2015 (as per Statistics South Africa) is 6,14% (December and January outcome projected). Therefore, the salary provision made for the 2015/16 financial year is 8,14% (6,14% + 2%). In addition, provision was made for an incremental allowance of 2% to cater for performance and other notch increases. The graph below shows the consistent above—CPI salary increases for the last	The South African Local Government Bargaining Council (SALGBC) Salary and Wage Collective Agreement for the period 2015 to 2018 was signed in August 2015. In terms of the agreement the salary increase was set at 7% for 2015/16. In addition, provision was made for an incremental allowance of 2% to cater for performance- and other notch increases. The graph below shows the consistent above-CPI salary increases for the last three years and for the projected MTREF period.	

period.		
The outcome of this ratio for the City averages 9,4% over the 2015/16 MTREF period.	The outcome of this ratio for the City averages 9,3 % over the 2015/16 MTREF period.	128

Funding Source	Budget Year 2015/16 R' 000	Budget Year+1 2016/17 R' 000	Budget Year +2 2017/18 R' 000	D. G.
	11 000	К 000	N 000	
CGD	2,277,574 2,531,218	2,492,837 2,467,206	2,584,489 2,419,961	
CRR	1,003,958 978,681	677,004 948,608	4 87,265 505,550	
Revenue	183,188 105,646	15,834 71,676	16,450 16,200	
EFF	2,579,264 2,529,240	2,327,888 2,543,819	2,291,866 2,295,650	

The External Financing Fund (EFF) over	The External Financing Fund (EFF) over	129
the three years averages R 2,4 billion.	the three years averages R2,5 billion.	

6,031,309

5,237,361

6,144,784

TOTAL

2015 Division of Revenue Bill	2015 Division of Revenue Act	131
Equitable share provisions included in the budget are based on the 2015 Division of Revenue Bill (DORb). The following indicative equitable share amounts were	Equitable share provisions included in the budget are based on the 2015 Division of Revenue Act. The following indicative equitable share amounts	132

allocated to the City as per the 2015	were allocated to the City as per the	
DORb:	2015 DORA.	
	0	

Table 7.4: Summary of parameters applied to operating budget

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	Budget Year 2015/16	Budget Year +1 2016/17	Budget Year +2 2017/18
EXPENDITURE PARAMETERS:			
Salary increase	4		
Salary increase (SALGA Agreement)	8.14% 7.00%	6.85%	6.40%
Other:			
Capital (EFF component) expenditure	R2.579bn R2.529bn	R2.328bn R2.544bn	R2.292bn R2.296bn

MID-YEAR ADJUSTMENT - ONE YEAR CORPORATE SCORECARD 2015/2016

SFA 5 - THE WELL RUN CITY	SFA 3 - THE CARING CITY	SFA 1 - THE OPPO	ORTUNITY CITY	SFA
5.3 Ensure financial prudence, with clean audit by the Auditor-General	3.7 Provide effective primary health- care services		1.2 Provide and maintain economic and social infrastructure to ensure infrastructure-led economic growth and development	Objective
5.3 Ensure financial prudence, with clean audits 6.1 Net Debtors to Annual Income [Ratio of outstanding-services] by the Auditor-General Proposed Indicator change 5.1 Net Debtors to annual revenue (ratio of outstanding services) to annual revenue actually received for services)	3.1.New Smear Positive TB Gure Rate- Proposed Indicator: Percentage HIV positive TB patients on anti-retroviral freatment (ARI)	1.C Rand value of capital invested in engineering infrastructure	1.B Percentage spend of capital budget	Key Performance Indicator
21,5%	83% (2014/2015) Proposed Targel: 87% (2014/2015)	R1,98bn Proposed Target	90%	Annual Target 2015/2016
19.5%	83% Proposed Target: <u>87%</u>	R0,97bn Proposed Target R1,95bn	55.79% Proposed Target 45.54%	PROPOSED QUARTER
21.5%	83% {2014/2015} Proposed Targel: 87% (2014/2015)	R1,98bn Proposed Target	90%	PROPOSED QUARTERLY TARGETS 2015/2016 Mar-16 Jun-16
	83%, {2015/2016} Proposed Target: 87% (2015/2016)			Proposed Annual target 2016/2017 Jun-17
Targets are to be defermined after the adjustment budget is approved at Council in January 2016	It is proposed that the current indicator in the Corporate Scorecard be replaced with the new indicator as proposed. The data collation process for the existing indicator was problematic due to the changes made to the data collection and management system, ETR.net, which is under the ownership of the National Department of Health, through an external service provider.	Target aligned with the Adjustment Budget tabled in Council on the 28 January 2016.	Target aligned with the Adjustment Budget tabled in Council on the 28 January 2016.	MOTIVATION

MID-YEAR ADJUSTMENT - ONE YEAR CORPORATE SCORECARD 2015/2016

Proposed Indicator change	This indicator measures the percentage of HIV positive outcome. There will be a reporting time lag, e.g. patien outcomes will only be reported by October 2015. 5.1 Net Debtors to annual income (ratio of outcomes will only be reported by October 2015. This is a calculation where we take the net current debtors divided to revenue actually received for services?	B Cure Rate nge: ive TB il treatment 3.7 (a)	INDICATOR IDP
	This indicator measures the percentage of HIV positive TB patients on anti-retroviral treatment (ART) at the time of TB treatment outcome. There will be a reporting time lag, e.g. patients who started TB treatment between 1 July 2014 and 30 September 2014: outcomes will only be reported by October 2015. This is a calculation where we take the net current debtors divided by the total operating revenue.	The indicator measures the number of new smear-positive pulmonary TB cases started on treatment for whom there is bacteriological confirmation that the patient has responded to treatment and can be considered cured: Number of new smear-positive pulmonary TB cases started on treatment on whom there is bacteriological confirmation that the patient has responded to treatment and can be considered cured Denominator: Number of new smear-positive pulmonary TB cases 3.7 (a) The percentage indicates the previous financial year's figures. For 2012/13 it will be financial year 2011/12, etc.	INDICATOR DEFINITION